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QUESTION 1

You are working as the administrator at ABC.com. ABC.com has headquarters in London and branch offices in Berlin, Minsk, and Athens. The Berlin, Minsk and Athens branch offices each have a Windows Server domain controller named ABC-DC01, ABC-DC02 and ABC-DC03 respectively. All client computers on the ABC.com network run Windows XP Professional.

One morning users at the Minsk branch office complain that they are experiencing intermittent problems authenticating to the domain. You believe that a specific client computer is the cause of this issue and so need to discover the IP address client computer.

How would you capture authentication event details on ABC-DC02 in the Minsk branch office?

- A. By monitoring the logon events using the SysMon utility.
- B. By recording the connections to the NETLOGON share using the SysMon utility.
- C. By recording the authentication events with the NetMon utility.
- D. By monitoring the authentication events using the Performance and Reliability Monitor.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

All the servers on the network run Windows Server server and all the client computers run Windows XP.

The network contains three domain controllers named ABC-DC1, ABC-DC2 and ABC-DC3. The System State Data of each domain controller is backed up on a nightly basis.

Recently an organizational unit (OU) has been mistakenly deleted from the AD.

What is the quickest way to restore the deleted OU?

- A. Reboot the domain controller in Safe Mode then use Windows Backup.
- B. Reboot the domain controller in Directory Services Restore Mode then perform an authoritative restore of the subtree where the OU was deleted using the Ntdsutil utility.
- C. Reboot the domain controller in Directory Services Restore Mode then perform a non-authoritative restore of the subtree where the OU was deleted using the Ntdsutil utility.
- D. Reboot the domain controller using the Last Known Good Configuration.
- E. Use Active Directory Sites and Services to force replication from another domain controller.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

The ABC.com network consists of a single Active Directory domain named ABC.com. All the servers on the network run

Windows Server servers and all the client computers run Windows XP.

The network contains a two node server cluster for file sharing that has been created using two Windows Server Enterprise Edition servers named ABC-SR01 and ABC-SR02. Both servers contain a single hard disk containing the system

volume. Both servers connect to a shared storage array which hosts the shared folders.

ABC-SR01 is configured as the preferred owner of the file sharing resources. To prepare your network for any disaster recovery, you decide to take regular backups using the Backup or Restore Wizard.

A Full backup of the shared folders is taken every night.

A Full backup of ABC-SR01 and ABC-SR02 is taken every Saturday night.

Incremental backups of ABC-SR01 and ABC-SR02 are taken every night. System State Data backups and Automated System Recovery (ASR) of both servers are taken every night.

During a routine monitoring check on Friday you discover that ABC-SR02 has gone offline.

How can you recover the cluster as soon as possible? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. Evict ABC-SR02 from the cluster.
- B. Restore the last full backup then restore the last incremental backup.
- C. Restore the last full backup then restore the last incremental backup and the last System State backup.
- D. Perform an ASR restore on ABC-SR02.
- E. Add ABC-SR02 back into the cluster.

Correct Answer: ADE

QUESTION 4

You administer a Windows Server Active Directory domain for your company. The domain is divided into two subnets. Subnet A uses the network address 192.168.12.0/24, and Subnet B uses the network address 192.168.14.0/24. All domain

controllers and member servers are Windows Server computers, and all clients are Windows 2000 Professional computers.

Clients in Subnet A obtain TCP/IP settings from a DHCP server named DHCPA, which resides in Subnet A. Clients in Subnet B cannot obtain DHCP settings at all, even though you configured a scope for Subnet B on DHCPA. Your need to

enable clients on SubnetB to automatically obtain TCP/IP settings from DHCPA.

What should you install on Subnet B?

- A. a primary DNS server
- B. an SUS server

- C. a DHCP relay agent
- D. a master DNS server
- E. an SMTP server

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

You need to create several subnets for your corporate network. Each subnet should have no more than two host addresses available per subnet. You have a subnet with the address of 136.42.255.0/24. What are the first two subnet addresses that would be created in this configuration?

- A. 136.42.255.0/31, 136.42.255.4/31
- B. 136.42.255.2/30, 136.42.255.4/30
- C. 136.42.255.4/29, 136.42.255.8/29
- D. 136.42.255.0/30, 136.42.255.4/30

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 6

The ABC.com network consists of a single Active Directory domain named ABC.com. All servers on the ABC.com network run Windows Server and all client computers run Windows XP Professional.

A domain controller named ABC-DC1 is configured as a DNS server. DC1 hosts the DNS zone for the ABC.com internal LAN.

An external DNS server named ABC-DNS1 hosts the DNS zone for the ABC.com external website and is configured with root hints. ABC-DNS1 is outside of the network firewall.

You need to protect the client computers by minimizing the risk of DNS-related attacks from the Internet, without impacting on their access to Internet-based sites.

How should you configure the DNS servers and client computers?

- A. DNS forwarding should be configured on ABC-DNS1 for ABC-DC1 and client computers must be configured to use ABC-DC1.
- B. The firewall should be configured to block all DNS traffic.
- C. DNS forwarding should be configured on ABC-DC1 for ABC-DNS1 and client computers must be configured to use ABC-DNS1.
- D. A root zone should be added to ABC-DC1 and client computers must be configured to use ABC-DC1.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 7

A beta version of an application you're testing to send and receive data on your network does not seem to be sending compressed data before sending packets across the network. You're looking at the architecture of the application to see if you can determine where the problem likely originates. Using the OSI model, from where is the problem probably originating?

- A. Transport layer
- B. Application layer
- C. Presentation layer
- D. Physical layer

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 8

John is the network administrator for a Windows Server network. Software Update Services will be used to deploy updates throughout the network. John wants to deploy the Automatic Updates settings for all clients through a group policy object. He opens the appropriate GPO but cannot find any automatic update settings. What is causing the problem?

- A. The settings cannot be configured through a group policy object.
- B. John does not have administrative privileges.
- C. The Automatic Updates ADM template has not been loaded.
- D. Software Update Services has not been installed.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 9

Jennifer, the network administrator at a chain of bakery stores called The Cheesecake Factory, recently upgraded the corporate office of a single segmented network to one that supports four separate virtual networks, or Virtual Local Area Network segments (VLANs). Jennifer is very conscious of production change and thus contacted the systems group in order to make sure all the technical aspects of the project were met. Jennifer wanted to make sure that when all the client workstations were on the new network segments, they were still able to gain IP connectivity to the rest of the network as they had before. The Cheesecake Factory has been running a Windows Server Active Directory domain at the Windows 2000 mixed functional level for over two months. Jennifer created four network segments and labeled them VLAN1, VLAN2, VLAN3, and VLAN4. VLAN1 was the original network and hosts the original DHCP server, called SERVER1. Its network address did not change. The systems team decided to put DHCP Relay Agents on VLAN2 and VLAN3, configured to relay DHCP messages to the original DHCP server on VLAN1. Due to a reluctance to permit more DHCP broadcast traffic than the router could handle, Jennifer suggested to her systems team that VLAN4 should host its own DHCP server. The systems group installed another DHCP server on VLAN4, set up the appropriate DHCP scopes on that server and set up the additional DHCP scopes for VLAN2 and VLAN3 on SERVER1. After the work was completed, all clients on all VLANs seemed to be working fine for about two weeks, until Jennifer got a call from the Help Desk stating that the users in the warehouse cannot boot up from their diskless workstations, where they run monthly accounting statistics, but can connect from all other workstations. Jennifer looks at her network diagram and determines that the warehouse is located on VLAN4. She also checks with users in the accounting department on

VLAN1 to see if they can connect using their diskless workstations. They tell Jennifer that they can and have had no problems. What did the systems team most likely forget to do?

- A. Install a DHCP Relay Agent on VLAN4.
- B. Configure a BOOTP table on the new DHCP server on VLAN4.
- C. Replace the router with an RFC 2131 compliant router.
- D. Cold boot all the diskless workstations.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 10

You are working as the administrator at ABC.com. Part of your job description includes the deployment of applications on the ABC.com network. To this end you operate by testing new application deployment in a test environment prior to deployment on the production network.

The new application that should be tested requires 2 processors and 3 GB of RAM to run successfully. Further requirements of this application also include shared folders and installation of software on client computers. You install the application on a Windows Server Web Edition computer and install the application on 30 test client computers.

During routine monitoring you discover that only a small amount of client computers are able to connect and run the application. You decide to turn off the computers that are able to make a connection and discover that the computers that failed to open the application can now run the application.

How would you ensure that all client computers can connect to the server and run the application?

- A. By running a second instance of the application on the server.
- B. By increasing the Request Queue Limit on the Default Application Pool.
- C. By modifying the test server operating system to Windows Server Standard Edition.
- D. By increasing the amount of RAM in the server to 4GB.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 11

You are working as the administrator at ABC.com. The ABC.com network consists of a single Active Directory domain named ABC.com. The ABC.com network contains a DMZ that contains a two-node Network Load Balancing cluster, which

is located in a data centre that is physically impenetrable to unauthorized persons.

The cluster servers run Windows Server Web Edition and host an e-commerce website. The NLB cluster uses a virtual IP address that can be accessed from the Internet.

What can you do to mitigate the cluster's most obvious security vulnerability?

- A. Configure the cluster to require IPSec.

- B. Configure the network cards to use packet filtering on all inbound traffic to the cluster.
- C. Use EFS on the server hard disks.
- D. Configure intrusion detection the servers on the DMZ.
- E. Configure Mac addressing on the servers in the DMZ.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 12

You are the DNS administrator for TXGlobal, which is headquartered in Dallas and has branch offices in Austin, Houston, San Antonio and El Paso. The headquarters location hosts the parent domain, txglobal.com. Each branch office has

been delegated a child domain. Austin hosts austin.txglobal.com, Houston hosts houston.txglobal.com, San Antonio hosts sanantonio.txglobal.com, and El Paso hosts elpaso.txglobal.com.

The primary DNS server in Dallas is named TXDNS. The primary DNS servers in the branch offices are named AUSDNS, HOUDNS, SADNS and EPDNS. The secondary DNS servers in the branch offices are named AUSDNS-2, HOUDNS2, SADNS-2, and EPDNS-2.

To increase fault tolerance, you want to add another secondary DNS server in each location. The new DNS servers will be named AUSDNS-3, HOUDNS-3, SADNS-3, and EPDNS-3. You want TXDNS to be aware that the new servers are authoritative for their respective zones.

Which server or servers should host one or more stub zones?

- A. AUSDNS, HOUDNS, SADNS and EPDNS
- B. AUSDNS-3, HOUDNS-3, SADNS-3 and EPDNS-3
- C. all of the DNS servers within the child domains
- D. TXDNS

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 13

You are a network administrator for your company. The company network consists of two Active Directory forests. Verigon.com is the single-domain forest that contains all user accounts and resources for the corporate network, except the

resources that are allocated to the Development department. Dev.corp is the single-domain forest that is used only by the Development department. You configure an external trust between the two domains.

Developers must be able to log on from their computers to the verigon.com domain. In the verigon.com forest, you create a new user principal name (UPN) suffix of dev.corp and configure UPNs for the developers\' user accounts in the

verigon.com domain with this suffix. Developers report that they cannot log on to the verigon.com domain from their computers, which belong to the dev.corp domain, by using their UPNs. You must enable developers to log on to the verigon.com domain from their computers by using UPNs.

What should you do?

- A. Replace the external trust with a forest trust.
- B. Change the UPN suffix for the developers\ user accounts to verigon.com.
- C. Configure selective authentication on the trust.
- D. Configure domain-wide authentication on the trust.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 14

You are working as the administrator at ABC.com. The network consists of a single Active Directory domain named ABC.com with the domain functional level set at Windows Server. All network servers run Windows Server and all client computers run Windows XP Professional.

The ABC.com domain is divided into organizational units (OU). All the resource servers are contained in an OU named ABC_SERVERS and the workstations are contained in an OU named ABC_CLIENTS. All resource servers operate at near capacity during business hours. All workstations have low resource usage during business hours.

You received instructions to configure baseline security templates for the resource servers and the workstations. To this end you configured two baseline security templates named ABC_SERVERS.inf and ABC_CLIENTS.inf respectively. The ABC_SERVERS.inf template contains many configuration settings. Applying the ABC_SERVERS.inf template would have a performance impact on the servers. The ABC_CLIENTS.inf contains just a few settings so applying this template would not adversely affect the performance of the workstations.

How would you apply the security templates so that the settings will be periodically enforced whilst ensuring that the solution reduces the impact on the resource servers? (Choose three.)

- A. By setting up a GPO named SERVER-GPO and link it to the ABC_SERVERS OU.
- B. By having the ABC_SERVERS.inf template imported into SERVER-GPO.
- C. By having the ABC_SERVERS.inf and the ABC_CLIENTS.inf templates imported into the Default Domain Policy GPO.
- D. By scheduling SECEDIT on each resource server to regularly apply the ABC_SERVERS.inf settings during off-peak hours.
- E. By having a GPO named CLIENT-GPO created and linked to the ABC_CLIENTS OU.
- F. By having the ABC_CLIENTS.inf template imported into CLIENT-GPO.
- G. By having SERVER-GPO and CLIENT-GPO linked to the domain.

Correct Answer: DEF

QUESTION 15

Your company's corporate security policy is very strict. No username or password information may be passed over the Internet without using the strongest encryption available. Your company does not yet have a certificate infrastructure in place. Which of these methods would be the best choice for VPN authentication to ensure that you are within your company's corporate security policy requirements?

- A. MS-CHAP v2
- B. PAP
- C. CHAP
- D. SPAP

Correct Answer: A

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