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QUESTION 1

Which three are important Account concepts that must always be followed? (Choose three.)

- A. Accounts expire when there are no active contracts.
- B. An Account can only reference one and only one person at one time.
- C. Every Account has a unique, system-assigned Account ID.
- D. Bills are produced for an account and are sent to the account persons.
- E. An Account references one or more persons.

Correct Answer: BCD

QUESTION 2

Which statement correctly describes the relation between a device and a measuring component?

- A. A device configuration links a device only to interval channels.
- B. Two measuring components on the same device should have the same Units of Measure (UOM).
- C. A device should have only one measuring component type.
- D. A device can have any combination of interval and/or scalar measuring components.

Correct Answer: D

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E26671_02/PDF/E18186_05.pdf (33)

QUESTION 3

What can cause multiple bill lines for a rate component to be produced in a bill calculation header?

- A. changes in Rate Schedule and Bill Factor
- B. changes in Rate Version Calculation Group and Bill Factor
- C. change in Bill Factor
- D. change in Rate Version Calculation Group
- E. change in Rate Schedule

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4



Your client has the following requirements:

Many customers are installing their own solar electrical generation equipment. When these customers generate more electricity than required for their own use, the surplus can he exported back to the power grid.

In order to measure this generation, we have installed special scalar devices. These devices have separate registers to measure the energy generated (export) and the energy received (import) from the National Grid. Both reads will be stored in kWh, but the import is subtractive and export is consumptive.

What solution should you choose to configure the measuring component types for these specific requirements?

A. Create two service points: one for subtractive import and the other for consumptive export.

B. Create one new measuring component type for creating two measuring components (one for import and the other for export) that will be linked to one scalar device.

C. Create one new measuring component type for creating a new measuring component that will be linked to two different scalar devices (one for import and the other for export).

D. Create two new measuring component types (one for subtractive import and the other for consumptive export) to enable the creation of two measuring components that will be linked to one scalar device.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

What can cause a bill segment to have multiple bill calculation headers?

- A. multiple Rate Version Calculation Group
- B. multiple Scheduled Read Dates covered by the bill period
- C. proration at Bill Factor level
- D. multiple service agreements being covered by a bill segment
- E. proration at Calculation Rules level

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 6

Measuring components are either subtractive or consumptive. Which statement correctly describes these two concepts?

A. Subtractive measuring components are associated only with water service, whereas consumptive measuring components are for gas and electric services.

B. Subtractive measuring components are used to measure demand, whereas consumptive measuring components are used to measure how much was consumed since the previous reading.

C. Subtractive measuring components are associated with deductive meters, whereas consumptive measuring components are not.



D. A subtractive measuring component\\'s consumption for a given period of time is the end measurement minus the start measurement. A consumptive measuring component\\'s consumption is simply the measurement itself, and represents the consumption for the period of time since the previous measurement was taken.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E91711_01/PDF/MDM-SGG_Business_User_Guide_v2_2_0_2.pdf

QUESTION 7

Which configuration steps are required to derive loss-adjusted kWh on a measuring component based on a loss factor value related to a service point?

A. Configure a Service Point Characteristic Type and derivation algorithm, and then associate the algorithm to the Measuring Component Type and the characteristic value to the service point.

B. Configure an SQI and the derivation algorithm, and then associate the algorithm to the Measuring Component Type and SQI to the service point.

C. Configure a factor and derivation algorithm, and then associate the factor to the Measuring Component Type and the derivation algorithm to the service point.

D. Configure a factor and derivation algorithm, and then associate both to the Measuring Component Type and service point.

E. Configure a Service Point Characteristic Type, factor, derivation algorithm, and Service Quantity Identifier (SQI), and then associate the SQI and derivation algorithm to the Measuring Component Type and the characteristic value to the service point.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 8

Which statement supports usage transaction calculation?

A. Bill determinants are derived from the final measurements for only interval measuring components or devices installed at the usage subscription\\'s service points during the calculation period.

B. Bill determinants are derived from the initial measurement data of the measuring components devices installed at the usage subscription\\'s service points during calculation period.

C. Bill determinants are derived from the final measurements of the measuring components or devices installed at the usage subscription\\'s service points during the calculation period.

D. Bill determinants are derived from the initial measurement data of the measuring components installed at the usage subscription\\'s devices during the calculation period.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 9



Your customer\\'s initial measurement data (IMD) has been imported and can be viewed through the Measuring Component portal, but is not in the "Final" measurement status.

What can you assume that the IMD has passed?

- A. Critical Validation
- B. Multiplier Check Validation
- C. Sum Check Validation
- D. Critical Validation, High/Low Check Validation, and Sum Check Validation
- E. High/Low Check Validation

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 10

Which describes derived values and their relationship with Final Measurements?

A. Final Measurements can have multiple derived values, which represent other values for the same Final Measurement Date/Time.

B. Derived values can have multiple Final Measurements, which represent other values for the same Initial Measurement Date/Time.

C. Final Measurements can have one derived value, which represents an alternative for the same Final Measurement Date/Time.

D. Final Measurements can have one derived value, which represents the Initial Measurement for the same Final Measurement Date/Time.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 11

How do you ensure that specific Validation, Editing, and Estimation (VEE) rules are applied to estimated measurements?

A. by adding the VEE Group to the Device Configuration Type

B. by adding the estimation rules to the Manual Override VEE Group to the Measuring Component Type

- C. by adding the VEE Group to the Device Type
- D. by adding the VEE Group as the Fallback VEE Group for the appropriate VEE role

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 12



Which usage rule would be used to retrieve scalar measurements and convert the total from one unit of measure to another?

- A. Get Scalar Details and Math
- B. Get Scalar Details and Apply Formula
- C. A custom set of usage rules must be written.
- D. Get Scalar Details and Axis Conversion
- Correct Answer: D

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E18729_01/pdf/E18187_01.pdf

QUESTION 13

If a customer makes a payment for more than what is due for the account, which entity contains the logic for how this overpayment should be handled?

- A. Tender Type
- **B.** Installation Options
- C. Customer Class
- D. Pay Segment Type
- E. Service Agreement Type
- Correct Answer: BCE

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E18733_01/pdf/E18368_V1_01.pdf

QUESTION 14

Which business object performs critical validations whenever initial measurements are loaded?

- A. D1-IMDRetry
- B. D1-GenericIMDMain
- C. D1-IMDSeeder
- D. D1-IMDPreVEE
- E. D1-IMDPeriod
- Correct Answer: C

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E91711_01/PDF/MDM-SGG_Business_User_Guide_v2_2_0_2.pdf (83)



QUESTION 15

Which two plug-in spots can call the rating functionality using base package-supplied algorithm types? (Choose two.)

- A. Adjustment Type Adjustment FT Creation
- B. Billable Charge Template
- C. Bill Segment Type Bill Segment Create
- D. Adjustment Type Generate
- E. Bill Segment Type Bill Segment FT Creation
- Correct Answer: AE

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